Management of the In Hospital Patient

Recall

Initial Evaluation

- Brief history
- Primary survey
- Rapid diagnostic tests

• Formulate DDx list and refine as work thru above

Assessment

Admit to Hospital

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Plan

- Therapeutic plan
- Diagnostic plan
- Goals/End points
- Monitoring +/-Modifying



Therapeutic Plan

Initial

- Complete triage resuscitation Symptomatic therapy
- Refined
 - Specific based on diagnosis

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Diagnostic Plan

• Minimum

- Focus on essential testsFinancial resources

Ideal

 Goal standard Reasonable to recommend





Goals

- Discharge from hospital?
- Transfer to another facility?
- Comfortable until owner found?
- What criteria need to be met?
- · Constantly working towards achieving end goal



Monitoring +/- modifying

Monitoring

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- 3-4 key areas of focus
 Involve known risks/complications
- E.g. Post-op enterotomy
 Pain
 Enteral intake
- Involve support staff
- Hydration Dehiscence/sepsis
- Modification
 - · Status change (positive or negative)

 - Complication noted
 New information obtained
 Diagnosis finalized/changed

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Case Example

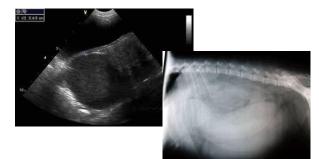
- 6yr FI Mixed breed dog
 - · 48hr hx of lethargy and increased thirst
 - 24hr hx of reduced appetite
 - Anorexic and vomiting prior to presentation Previous heat 2-3 weeks prior
 - No known dietary indiscretion or toxin ingestion
 - Otherwise healthy

Primary Survey

- Quiet but responsive
- Normal RR/effort
- MM tachy and injected
- Sinus but mild tachycardia (146 bpm)
- Strong dpp
- Temp 39.3C

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- Mild abdominal splinting on palpation
- Initial Assessment
 - CV stable but possible early compensatory septic shock
 Suspect pyometra
- Initial Plan
 - aFAST or Xrays to confirm
 Likely ATH for IV support



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Revised Assessment

Diagnosis

- Pyometra Complications
 Septic shock
 AKI

- Sepsis
 - Source control
 Early antibiotics (appropriate)
 - CV stable
 Fluids +/- pressors

Revised Plan

- Diagnostic (ideal)
 CBC/Chem pre-op
 Urinalysis & C&S
- Diagnostic (minimal)
 - Pre-op Quats
 Creatinine
- Therapeutic IV access

 - IV access
 IV fluid rehydration (5%)
 Ampicillin IV q6hrs
 Methadone
 Maropitant IV q24hrs
- Exploratory sx (pyometrectomy)

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Post-Op Plan

- Goal Discharge home within 48-72hrs
- End Goals CV stable – no AKI
 - Eating
 Oral analgesia
- Therapeutic • Wean IV fluids
 - Transition to oral analgesia
 Continue IV AMs until eating
 - Encourage enteral intake
- Monitoring Septic shock
 - AKI

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Team Approach

- Technician
 - Pain assessment and titration
 - Wean off IV analgesia and transition to oral +/- Meloxicam
 Signs of sepsis/septic shock
 - Tachycardia, Hypotension, Pyrexia +/- hypoglycemic
 - Acute kidney injury

 - Urine output, hydration, serial creatinine
 Encourage enteral intake
 Monitor for post-op gastric paresis/regurgitation

Modifications

- Expected
 - Positive changes
 Daily improvement

- Unexpected
 Complications
 Not personal preferences



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Summary

- Clear outline plan Therapeutic plan
- Diagnostic plan
- Team oriented approach Goals/End points
- Monitoring
- Reaching goal
 Assessing for complications
- Deviation justified

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